

राज्य वन सेवा परीक्षा -2014 उत्तर कुंजी

-:: विज्ञप्ति ::-

आयोग के विज्ञापन क्रमांक-04/परीक्षा/2014 दिनांक 30.12.2014 के अंतर्गत आयोजित राज्य वन सेवा परीक्षा-2014 (ऐच्छिक विषय- कम्प्यूटर साइंस इंजीनियरिंग) की परीक्षा दिनांक 20.01.2016 को वस्तुनिष्ठ प्रकार के प्रश्न पत्रों की प्रावधिक उत्तर कुंजी परीक्षा परिणाम बनाने के पूर्व आयोग की वेबसाईट पर प्रकाशित की जा रही है। अभ्यर्थी आयोग की वेबसाईट पर अपना रोल नंबर एवं प्रवेश पत्र पर दिये गये पासवर्ड की सहायता से लॉग-इन कर अपनी रिस्पांस शीट का अवलोकन कर सकते हैं। यदि इस प्रावधिक उत्तर कुंजी के संबंध में किसी परीक्षार्थियों को कोई आपत्ति हो तो वे ऑनलाईन आपत्तियां 07 दिवस के अन्दर प्रस्तुत कर सकते हैं। इस हेतु अभ्यर्थी प्रश्न क्रमांक, संदर्भ ग्रंथों का नाम अंकित करें। प्रावधिक उत्तर कुंजी आयोग की वेबसाईट पर अपलोड होने की तिथि से 07 दिवस की समयावधि के पश्चात प्राप्त आपत्तियों पर विचार नहीं किया जायेगा। यह विज्ञप्ति आयोग की वेबसाईट [www.mppsc.com](http://www.mppsc.com) & [www.mppsc.nic.in](http://www.mppsc.nic.in), [www.mppscdemo.in](http://www.mppscdemo.in) पर दिनांक 20.01.2016 से उपलब्ध है।



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**State Forest Service Examination - 2014**  
**(Provisional Model Answer Key)**

**Computer Science**

<b>Q1 :</b> In DBMS, data about data is stored in	
<b>A</b>	Hard Disk
<b>B</b>	Data Dictionary
<b>C</b>	RAM
<b>D</b>	None of these
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q2 :</b> Brain of the computer is	
<b>A</b>	RAM
<b>B</b>	Input Device
<b>C</b>	CPU
<b>D</b>	Output Units
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q3 :</b> Frame buffer is termed as	
<b>A</b>	Virtual Memory
<b>B</b>	ROM
<b>C</b>	I/O Buffer
<b>D</b>	Video Memory
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q4 :</b> Data converted into meaningful form is termed as	
<b>A</b>	File
<b>B</b>	Directory
<b>C</b>	Information
<b>D</b>	None of these

Answer Key: <b>C</b>
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<b>Q5 :</b> PARAM is an example of _____ Computer
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<b>A</b>	Mainframe
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<b>B</b>	Mini
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<b>C</b>	Super
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<b>D</b>	Personal
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Answer Key: <b>C</b>
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<b>Q6 :</b> SQL is a _____ Query language
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<b>A</b>	Procedural
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<b>B</b>	Non procedural
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<b>C</b>	Intermediate
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<b>D</b>	None of these
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Answer Key: <b>B</b>
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<b>Q7 :</b> _____ system software that coverts assembly language program to machine language
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<b>A</b>	Compiler
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<b>B</b>	Interpreter
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<b>C</b>	Assembler
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<b>D</b>	Loader
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Answer Key: <b>C</b>
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<b>Q8 :</b> Which of the following device is used to get hardcopy graphics?
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<b>A</b>	Light Pen
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<b>B</b>	Plotter
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<b>C</b>	Monitor
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<b>D</b>	Joystick
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Answer Key: <b>B</b>
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<b>Q9 :</b> Information stored in computer is in
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A	Hexadecimal form
B	Integer form
C	Binary form
D	Character form
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q10</b> Convert $(0.4375)_{10} = (?)_2$ :	
A	0.010
B	0.1010
C	0.0111
D	0.1110
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q11</b> Subschema can be created using following SQL statement :	
A	Create Index
B	Create Table
C	Create View
D	None of these
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q12</b> Binary addition of 10100 and 1111 is :	
A	100111
B	100011
C	101110
D	100010
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q13</b> In 'C' Programming language, dynamic memory is allocated using :	
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<b>A</b>	Structures
<b>B</b>	Arrays
<b>C</b>	Pointers
<b>D</b>	Queues
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q14</b> Which of the following memory is refreshed a number of times per second? :	
<b>A</b>	Hard disk
<b>B</b>	RAM
<b>C</b>	ROM
<b>D</b>	Dynamic RAM
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q15</b> Time taken to position the Read/Write head at the desired track of disk is known as :	
<b>A</b>	Access time
<b>B</b>	Seek time
<b>C</b>	Latency time
<b>D</b>	Data transfer time
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q16</b> Which of the following symbols are used in Assembly Language? :	
<b>A</b>	Tags
<b>B</b>	Numbers
<b>C</b>	Characters
<b>D</b>	Mnemonics
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q17</b> DMA controller is used in a computer to transfer the data :	
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A	From main memory to CPU
B	From hard disk to main memory
C	From ROM to RAM
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q18</b> _____ are universal gates :	
A	NOT, OR
B	NAND, NOR
C	XOR, NOT
D	XNOR, AND
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q19</b> 1 TB = _____ Byte : :	
A	$2^{20}$
B	$2^{30}$
C	$2^{40}$
D	$2^{50}$
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q20</b> _____ is used for storing programs that are not to be changed :	
A	ROM
B	RAM
C	Monitor
D	Cache Memory
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q21</b> Which one of the following is the fastest secondary storage device in a computer system? :	
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A	Hard disk
B	Magnetic Tape
C	CD
D	Pen drive
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q22</b> EEPROM can be erased by exposing it to :	
A	Magnetic field
B	Electric charge
C	Sun Light
D	Ultraviolet radiation
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q23</b> In 8085, two buffer registers are :	
A	Instruction Register, accumulator
B	Address buffer, Address data buffer
C	Address buffer, Instruction Register
D	DAA, address data register
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q24</b> Conceptual design of the database is done with the help of :	
A	Data marts
B	Data models
C	DFD
D	Flowchart
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q25</b> A step by step procedure used to solve a problem is called :	
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A	Flowchart
B	Data flow Diagram
C	System Program
D	Algorithm
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q26</b> Primary means of searching the records from database is called as :	
A	Candidate Key
B	Primary Key
C	Foreign Key
D	Alternate Key
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q27</b> Which of the following is a range value of unsigned type variable is 'C'?	
:	
A	-32768 to +32767
B	0 to 32767
C	-32767 to 0
D	0 to 65535
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q28</b> What is the Output of the following C Program?	
:	
<pre>void main ( ) {     int i=6;     Printf ("n %d %d", ++i, ++i); }</pre>	
A	78
B	87
C	88



D	Output many vary from computer to computer
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q29</b> What is the output for the following ‘C’ code? <pre> : Void main ( )  { float i = 0.9; if ( i &lt; 0.9 ) printf (“Good”); else printf (“very good”); } </pre>	
A	Good
B	very good
C	0.9
D	Printf
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q30</b> Which of the following C statement is used to print the values of a, b and c? <pre> : int a = 27;  float b = 5.14;  double c =5.24; </pre>	
A	printf (“%d %f %f”, a,b,c) ;
B	printf (“%d %f %lf”, a,b,c) ;
C	printf (“%d %f %d”, a,b,c) ;
D	printf (“%lf %f %f”, a,b,c) ;
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q31</b> String in ‘C’ is a set of _____ :	
A	Numbers

B	Characters
C	Floating point numbers
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q32</b> “Continue” keywords in ‘C’ is used to transfer the control to the beginning of :	
A	loop
B	program
C	if statement
D	main() function
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q33</b> Which of the following is the default return type of a function in ‘C’? :	
A	float
B	int
C	char
D	void
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q34</b> The execution of a ‘C’ program starts from :	
A	scanf() function
B	main() function
C	library function
D	do-while loop
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q35</b> 8085 include auxiliary carry flag as _____ flag :	
A	Third

B	Fourth
C	Fifth
D	Sixth
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q36</b> In 'C' which notation used as preprocessor directive?	
:	
A	%
B	
C	#
D	!
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q37</b> When parameters are passed in functions of a 'C' program, which method uses pointers?	
:	
A	Call by value
B	Call by reference
C	Call by return
D	None of these
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q38</b> A function of a 'C' program cannot return more than	
:	
A	One value
B	Two values
C	Three values
D	Four values
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q39</b> Full form of BIOS is	
:	
A	Bigger Input or Smaller

B	Basic Input and Output Sum
C	Better Input and Output System
D	Basic Input Output System
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q40</b> In 'C' language, System level programming can be done easily because it facilitates :	
A	Binary operators
B	Bit wise operators
C	Logical operators
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q41</b> Union in 'C' is :	
A	Used to store different members at same memory location
B	A primitive data type
C	A text file
D	A variable of long integer type
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q42</b> Commonly used function for direct/random access file in 'C' is :	
A	fread()
B	fseek()
C	ftell()
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q43</b> Which of the following linear data structure allow both insertion and deletion at only one end? :	
A	Queue

B	Stack
C	Circular queue
D	Tree
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q44</b> From which end of the Queue elements are deleted?	
:	
A	Rear
B	Front
C	Middle
D	Any Position
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q45</b> The access of queue element is	
:	
A	Sequential
B	Random
C	Direct
D	Indexed
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q46</b> Which searching algorithm need sorted list?	
:	
A	Sequential search
B	Hashing
C	Binary Search
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q47</b> Which term does not relate to stack?	
:	
A	FIFO

B	LIFO
C	POP
D	PUSH
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q48</b> Liner type data structure is :	
A	Strings
B	Arrays
C	Queue
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: D	

<b>Q49</b> Postfix notation for $A + (B * C) - D$ is as follows :	
A	$ABC * D - +$
B	$A + BC * - D$
C	$AB + C * - D$
D	None of these
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q50</b> Postfix notational expressions are stored in the following data structure :	
A	Queue
B	linked list
C	Stack
D	Doubly linked list
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q51</b> A Dequeue allows :	
A	Insertion at only one end but deletion at both ends

B	Insertion at both ends but deletion at one end
C	Both (insertion at only one end but deletion at both ends) and (insertion at both ends but deletion at one end)
D	Insertion and deletion in middle but not at either ends
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q52</b> Properties of Binary search Tree (BST) are :	
A	It is a Binary Tree
B	All items in the left subtree are less than root
C	All items in the right subtree are greater than root
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: D	

<b>Q53</b> A full binary tree with n leaves contains :	
A	n nodes
B	$\log_2 n$ nodes
C	$2^n - 1$ nodes
D	$2^n$ nodes
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q54</b> Static queue is implemented using :	
A	Pointers
B	Nodes
C	Arrays
D	None of these
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q55</b> The complexity of Merge Sort algorithm is :	
A	$O(n)$

B	$O(\log_2 n)$
C	$O(n^2)$
D	$O(n \log_2 n)$
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q56</b> The complexity of bubble sort algorithm is :	
A	$O(n)$
B	$O(\log_2 n)$
C	$O(n^2)$
D	$O(n \log_2 n)$
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q57</b> Stack data structure is used in :	
A	Garbage collection
B	Pointer manipulation
C	Recursion
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q58</b> Linked lists are best suited :	
A	For relatively permanent collection of data
B	For the dynamic allocation of data
C	For the insertion of data at one end
D	When data accesses is done at one end
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q59</b> A database file must ensure following properties :	
A	Data consistency



B	Data integrity
C	Both (Data consistency) and (Data integrity)
D	None of these
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q60</b> A relational database is a :	
A	Set of tuples
B	Set of nodes in tree form
C	Set of nodes in hierarchichal form
D	None of these
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q61</b> In DBMS, Network model is based on :	
A	Linked list
B	Graph
C	Tree
D	Queue
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q62</b> A database always requires :	
A	Secondary storage device
B	Only primary storage device
C	DMA controller
D	None of these
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q63</b> E-R diagram can be transformed to :	
A	Objects and classes

B	Tables
C	Arrays
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q64</b> A weak entity set is a :	
A	Entity set whose existence depends on another weak entity set
B	Entity set whose existence depends on another strong entity set
C	Entity set whose existence dependency does not matter
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q65</b> Referential Integrity constraint can be enforced by designing :	
A	Foreign key with respect to primary key of another table
B	Subset of a single table
C	Index with respect to primary key of another table
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q66</b> Which operator is not basic relational algebraic operator? :	
A	Select ( $\sigma_p()$ )
B	Project ( $\pi_{A_1A_2}$ )
C	Cartesian product (A x B)
D	Division
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q67</b> "NOT NULL" keyword in SQL is used :	
A	As constraint

B	When value is unknown
C	When value is missed during insertaion
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q68</b> A relation contains atomic values of the attributes, then relation is said to be in :	
A	1 NF
B	2 NF
C	3 NF
D	4 NF
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q69</b> In ACID properties of transactions processing, 'C' stands for :	
A	Consistency
B	Cordinality
C	Conefirmity
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q70</b> Data security risk do not include :	
A	Privacy of communication protocol
B	Data tempering
C	Password guessing
D	Data theft
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q71</b> Encryption is a technique :	
A	To design conceptual schema

B	To translate global data
C	To provide privacy of data
D	To update database
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q72</b> The goal of normalization is to eliminate :	
A	Insertion anomaly
B	Deletion anomaly
C	Update anomaly
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: D	

<b>Q73</b> Which of the following is a recovery technique? :	
A	Public key encryption
B	Shadow paging
C	Hash file organization
D	Indexed file organization
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q74</b> A relation is in 4NF if it is in 3NF and contains :	
A	No multi-valued dependency
B	No non prime attribute is transitively dependent on the key
C	No lossy decomposition
D	Every nonkey attribute is fully dependent on the primary key
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q75</b> Full form of DDL in SQL is :	
A	Data directed language

B	Data definition language
C	Data density language
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q76</b> A database can be inconsistent due to :	
A	Atomicity
B	Redundancy
C	Efficiency
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q77</b> In order to have multi-valued dependency on the table, it must have :	
A	Only one attribute
B	NULL or one attribute
C	Two or more attributes
D	Less than two attributes
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q78</b> Which of the following is object oriented programming language? :	
A	C
B	Pascal
C	COBOL
D	C++
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q79</b> SQL is developed to support :	
A	Hierarchichal database

B	Relational database
C	Network database
D	A simple data file
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q80</b> SQL provides :	
A	Controlling access to database
B	Providing facility for integrity constraints
C	Query on database files
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q81</b> Which of the following is not a DDL command of SQL? :	
A	Create table
B	Alter
C	Drop
D	Insert
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q82</b> DML commands of SQL allows :	
A	Deletion of tuples from table(s)
B	Definition of table(s)
C	Creation of views
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q83</b> Transaction in a database should be :	
A	Atomic

B	Durable
C	Consistent
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q84</b> Natural join operator of relational Algebra, joins _____ tables at a time :	
A	Three
B	Four
C	Two
D	Five
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q85</b> Which of the following is not a Set operator in SQL? :	
A	Like
B	Union
C	Intersection
D	Minus
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q86</b> Which of the following is the property of object oriented programming? :	
A	Polymorphism
B	Data encapsulation
C	Operator overloading
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q87</b> The header file iostream.h is included in C++ program to use :	
A	return()

B	Input/output functions
C	main()
D	Run operation
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q88</b> In C++, size of character array should be _____ the number of characters in the string :	
A	One larger than
B	One less than
C	Two larger than
D	Two less than
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q89</b> Member function of a class in C++ can be called by an object of that class using :	
A	Dot operator
B	Ternary operator
C	Relational operator
D	Scope resolution operator
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q90</b> Which of the following is an insertion operator in C++? :	
A	>>
B	&
C	<<
D	!
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q91</b> What value is displayed in the following C++ example? : float fees[5] = {32.15, 45.23, 52.43, 82.15, 97.05}; cout << fees[2];	
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A	0
B	45.23
C	52.43
D	82.15
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q92</b> Which of the following operators can be overloaded in C++?	
:	
A	Relational operator
B	Dot operator
C	Scope resolution operator
D	Point to member operator
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q93</b> 'In-line' function may not work when	
:	
A	Function contains static variable
B	Function is recursive
C	Function not returning value, if a return exists
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: D	

<b>Q94</b> Inheriting the attributes of two or more existing classes at same level for defining new class is known as	
:	
A	Multilevel inheritance
B	Multiple inheritance
C	Hybrid inheritance
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q95</b> Reusability of code in C++ programs is justified with the following feature	
:	

A	Information binding
B	Data abstraction
C	Data encapsulation
D	Inheritance
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q96</b> Which class cannot be instantiated? :	
A	Inherited class
B	Public class
C	Private class
D	Virtual class
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q97</b> In C++, “?” is a : :	
A	Unary operator
B	Binary operator
C	Ternary operator
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q98</b> Which one of the following keywords is used for memory allocation in C++? :	
A	Malloc
B	Calloc
C	New
D	Free
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q99</b> Which statement is true about destructor in C++? :	
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<b>A</b>	Destroy the objects when no longer requires
<b>B</b>	Create and use constant objects
<b>C</b>	Used in classes to display the class contents
<b>D</b>	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q100</b> In C++, virtual function is defined and declared in :	
<b>A</b>	Derived class
<b>B</b>	Base class
<b>C</b>	Derived object
<b>D</b>	Destructor
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q101</b> In C++, member function with the same name in two different classes is :	
<b>A</b>	Not allowed
<b>B</b>	Allowed
<b>C</b>	Only if the two classes have same name
<b>D</b>	Both (Not allowed) and (Only if the two classes have same name)
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q102</b> Which of the following cannot be passed to a function in C++? :	
<b>A</b>	Variable
<b>B</b>	Arrays
<b>C</b>	Class objects
<b>D</b>	Header files
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q103</b> “Run time binding” is the term used in C++. Its synonym is :	
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A	Virtual function
B	Instantiation
C	Polymorphism
D	None of these
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q104</b> Which entity occupies space in memory during C++ program execution? :	
A	Class
B	Virtual class
C	Public class
D	Object
Answer Key: D	

<b>Q105</b> Which language is not an object oriented programming language? :	
A	C++
B	Java
C	Small talk
D	C
Answer Key: D	

<b>Q106</b> In C++, information hiding is achieved through :	
A	Polymorphism
B	Type Conversion
C	Data encapsulation
D	None of these
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q107</b> During Program execution in C++, “divide by Zero” error can be handled by :	
--	--

A	Polymorphism
B	Data encapsulation
C	Exception handling
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q108</b> The feature supported by inheritance in C++ is :	
A	Characteristics of super class are inherited to subclass
B	Member functions are inherited at subclass
C	Member functions can be redefining at subclass
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q109</b> In C++, the operator overloading is an example of :	
A	Polymorphism
B	Inheritance
C	Encapsulation
D	Data hiding
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q110</b> The purpose of OSI model, specifying various layers is :	
A	The rate of data transfer increasing exponentially
B	Standard needed to allow any two system to communicate
C	Standard needed for internet protocols
D	Standard needed for Wireless networking
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q111</b> The reason of dividing OSI model in terms of number of layers is :	
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A	Ease the implementation of protocols for communication between systems
B	Ease the browsing of internet
C	Ease the programming storage
D	None of these
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q112</b> First layer of OSI reference model is known as :	
A	Physical layer
B	Session layer
C	Transport layer
D	Network layer
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q113</b> _____ layer of OSI reference model is responsible to determine the interface of the system with the user :	
A	Application
B	Transport
C	Session
D	Data link
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q114</b> 'Internet' is an example of :	
A	LAN
B	MAN
C	WAN
D	None of these
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q115</b> If a computer network cable is broken, whole network goes down in ____ topology :	
---	--

A	Star
B	Ring
C	Mesh
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q116</b> Which of the following is a most reliable topology? :	
A	Bus
B	Star
C	Ring
D	Mesh
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q117</b> Hierarchical topology is used to establish a network which is also known as :	
A	Bus network
B	Star network
C	Tree network
D	Mesh network
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q118</b> MAN stands for :	
A	Machine Area Network
B	Metropolitan Area Network
C	Metropolitan Asynchronous Network
D	Machine Asynchronous Network
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q119</b> Which of the following component is responsible for network communication in a computer system? :	
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A	UPS
B	Ethernet card
C	SVGA card
D	SMPS
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q120</b> Which of the following has minimum transmission speed? :	
A	Twisted pair wire
B	Fiber optic cable
C	Coaxial cable
D	Microwave
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q121</b> Speed of internet connection is measured in :	
A	Kilo bits per second
B	Kilo Boolean per second
C	Meter per second
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q122</b> Error correction can be done by using :	
A	Hamming code
B	CRC
C	Framing
D	Two dimensional parity check
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q123</b> TCP/IP is an example of :	
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A	Communication protocol
B	Networking protocol
C	Data transfer protocol
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q124</b> In a computer network, which of the following is a connecting device? :	
A	Router
B	Hub
C	Switch
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q125</b> _____ is a device that combines transmission from various I/O devices into one line :	
A	Modifier
B	Multiplexer
C	Concentrator
D	Gateway
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q126</b> The amount of data transmitted in a fixed amount of time is called :	
A	Refresh rate
B	Resolution
C	Bandwidth
D	Frequency
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q127</b> During data transmission, parity bits are attached with data bits for detecting :	
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A	Buffer size
B	Destination
C	Errors
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q128</b> In communication satellite, multiple repeaters are known as :	
A	Detector
B	Modulator
C	Stations
D	Transponders
Answer Key: <b>D</b>	

<b>Q129</b> ‘Communication protocol’ means :	
A	Data transformation
B	Set of rules to communicate data from one machine to another machine
C	Transmission signals
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q130</b> At network layer, the data packet is known by name :	
A	Frame
B	Packet
C	Datagram
D	Circuit
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q131</b> A network using _____ technique is called a store and forward network :	
---	--

A	Circuit switching
B	Message switching
C	Packet switching
D	Both (Circuit switching) and (Message switching)
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q132</b> File server is a _____ which is used to store files received from various client machines :	
A	Specialized computer system
B	Modem
C	Router
D	Transponder
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q133</b> HTTP stands for :	
A	Hyper Text Transfer Protocol
B	Hyper Text Transmission Protocol
C	Hyper Text Tie up Protocol
D	Hyper Thing Together Protocol
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q134</b> IP address consists of _____ parts separated by dots :	
A	2
B	3
C	4
D	1
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q135</b> Domain name matching to IP address is performed by :	
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A	Electronic mail
B	URL
C	DNS
D	FTP
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q136</b> Which of the following protocol(s) is/are used by HTTP? :	
A	FTP
B	SMTP
C	POP
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: D	

<b>Q137</b> For accessing the details of reservation on Online Indian Railway reservation system, following task is being done on the system :	
A	Accessing website
B	Accessing word processing software
C	Accessing spread sheet software
D	None of these
Answer Key: A	

<b>Q138</b> Which of the following resources is identified by URL? :	
A	Image
B	Webpage
C	Sound file
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: D	

<b>Q139</b> HTTP is based on :	
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A	Deductive principle
B	Hierarchical principle
C	Client Server principle
D	Object oriented principle
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q140</b> Which of the following is connectionless transport layer protocol? :	
A	TCP
B	FTP
C	NNTP
D	UDP
Answer Key: D	

<b>Q141</b> Which of the following is a character oriented data link protocol? :	
A	SDLC
B	BISYNC
C	HDLC
D	All options are correct
Answer Key: B	

<b>Q142</b> Web pages are written by using following language :	
A	C
B	Pascal
C	HTML
D	None of these
Answer Key: C	

<b>Q143</b> A JAVA program cannot be written without using :	
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<b>A</b>	Procedure
<b>B</b>	Tag
<b>C</b>	Class
<b>D</b>	None of these
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q144</b> Which one is the largest HTML heading tag? :	
<b>A</b>	H1
<b>B</b>	H2
<b>C</b>	H3
<b>D</b>	H4
Answer Key: <b>A</b>	

<b>Q145</b> What is the full form ISP? :	
<b>A</b>	Internet system provider
<b>B</b>	Internet sequential programming
<b>C</b>	Internet service provider
<b>D</b>	None of these
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q146</b> Which of the following is used to create dynamic content on the web page? :	
<b>A</b>	GML
<b>B</b>	DHTML
<b>C</b>	COBOL
<b>D</b>	C++
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q147</b> In HTML, tag < sup > is used for :	
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A	Subscript
B	Superscript
C	Strike out
D	Setting margin
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q148</b> Public key algorithms are used for :	
A	Storage of information
B	Information exchange
C	Information security
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	

<b>Q149</b> Which of the following function is not performed by the operating system? :	
A	Processor management
B	Constraint satisfaction
C	Deadlock handling
D	File management
Answer Key: <b>B</b>	

<b>Q150</b> Firewall is software which is normally installed on the _____ of organization :	
A	Google server
B	Client machine
C	Proxy server
D	None of these
Answer Key: <b>C</b>	